



Fig. S1. Representative clinical photographs from individuals in different randomized group. Panel A represents placebo, panel B 5 units, panel C 10 units, and panel D 20 units. The visual appearance of the glabellar region at rest, voluntary contraction of the frontal muscles and glabellar muscles, respectively. Glabellar frown scale scores (right column) was assessed at different time-points at rest. The figure shows that differences in glabellar frown lines, in addition to ability to contract the glabellar muscles, can be seen upon treatment with botulinum toxin; however, the accuracy of the glabellar frown scale is not optimal.