



Fig. S1. Pelvic magnetic resonance imaging. (A) At diagnosis: subcutaneous mass of the right gluteal region with heterogeneous signal measuring 13.6×4 cm, infiltrating the gluteus maximus muscle, the anterior muscles of the thigh and the pelvic posterior muscles. Infiltration and collections are enhanced after contrast injection. Several fistulae (arrows) and small collections of necrosis in the ischioanal fossae and between the anterior thigh muscles and the gluteus maximus. (B) Fifty percent tumour collapse at week 4. (C) Ongoing regression at month 9. (D) Almost complete healing (month 15).