Supplementary material to article by A. A. Shah, et al. Development of a Disease Registry for Autoimmune Bullous Diseases: Initial Analysis of the Pemphigus Vulgaris Subset

Fig. S3. Delay in diagnosis separated by gender in patients with pemphigus vulgaris. Percentages are based on the delay in diagnosis (<3 months, 3–6 months, 6–12 months and >12 months) in male or female patients. Male patients are more likely to be diagnosed sooner than female patients ($p<0.001$, $\Lambda=0.043$).