Supplementary material to article by R.G.L. Nellen et al. "Comment on Zhao et al. "Palmoplantar Keratoderma of the Gamborg-Nielsen Type is Caused by Mutations in the SLURP1 Gene and Represents a Variant of Mal de Meleda""

Table SI. Mutations in SLURP1 and clinical phenotype

Mutation	Consequence		References	Age, years	PPK	Trans- grediens	Hyper- hidrosis	Nail deformities	Pseudo- ainhum		Perioral erythema	Score
c.1A>C	p.Met1Leu	Missense	Eckl 2003 (6)	23	2	2	0	1	1	2	0	8
c.43T>C	p.Trp15Arg	Missense	Nellen 2009 (10) ^a	17	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	4
c.43T>C	p.Trp15Arg	Missense	Nellen 2013 (4)	n/a ^b	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	4
c.43T>C	p.Trp15Arg	Missense	Zhao 2014 (1)	n/a ^b	2	1	1	0	$0/1^{c}$	0	0	4/5
c.58+1G>C		Missense	Sakabe 2014 (11)	56	2	3	1	0	0	1	0	7
c.82delT	p.Cys28fs*32	Frame shift	Bchetnia 2013 (12)	40	2	3	1	1	0	1	1	9
	-	deletion										
c.129C>A	p.Cys43Ter	Nonsense	Muslumanoglu 2006 (13)	15	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
c.212G>C	p.Arg71Pro	Missense	Nellen 2009 (10) ^a	17	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	4
c.244C>T	p.Pro82Ser	Missense	Gruber 2011 (14)	27	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	4
c.256G>A	p.Gly86Arg	Missense	Bchetnia 2014 (5)	28	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	4
c.256G>A	p.Gly86Arg	Missense	Chao 2006 (15)	22	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	5
c.256G>A	p.Gly86Arg	Missense	Oh 2011 (16) ^d	15	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	5
c.256G>A	p.Gly86Arg	Missense	Taylor 2014 (17)	40	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	6
c.256G>A	p.Gly86Arg	Missense	Zhang 2015 (7) ^e	4	2	2	1	0	0	2	0	7
				2	2	2	1	0	0	2	0	7
				11	2	2	1	1	0	1	0	7
c.286C>T	p.Arg96Ter	Nonsense	Oh 2011 (16) ^d	15	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	5
c.293T>C	p.Leu98Pro	Missense	Yerebakan 2003 (8)	8	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	5
c.296G>A	p.Cys99Tyr	Missense	Bchetnia 2010 (9)	30	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	6
c.296G>A	p.Cys99Tyr	Missense	Bchetnia 2013 (12)	13	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	5

a-dPatients were compound heterozygous for the p.Trp15Arg and p.Arg71Pro mutations (a) and p.Gly86Arg and p.Arg96Ter mutations (d), respectively.
bAge could not be determined. Both publications describe a group of MDM patients, and a general description of the phenotypes of inflicted patients is given.
We computed the disease severity score based on these summarized clinical data. Some, but not all, patients reported by Zhao et al. had pseudo-ainhum, which was not further specified in the description of their patients clinical characteristics. Therefore, we scored pseudo-ainhum as 0/1. Zhang et al. described patients in great detail. A severity score was computed for each individual.

Resumé of clinical characteristics in reported patients of MDM, in whom *SLURP1* mutations have been identified. Papers describing series of patients, without individual descriptions of each patient have been omitted. Symptoms have been semi-quantitatively scored as follows: Age: age of patient at the time of examination (years); PPK: palmoplantar keratoderma, scored as mild (1) or severe (2); Transgrediens: extension of hyperkeratosis to the dorsal surfaces of hands and feet, scored as extending to fingers (1), dorsa of hands/feet (2), fore-arms/lower legs (3); Hyperhidrosis: hyperhidrosis, scored as either present (1) or absent (0); Nail deformities; nail deformities, such as subungual hyperkeratosis and nail dystrophy, scored as either present (1) or absent (0); Pseudo-ainhum; scored as either present (1) or absent (0); Elbow/knee-pads: hyperkeratotic plaques on elbows and knees (scored as 2), elbows or knees (scored as 1) or absent (scored as 0); perioral erythema: perioral skin symptoms, such as erythema, scaling or fissures, scored as either present (1) or absent (0). Score: adding numbers together yields a score that represents disease severity, with a higher score indicating a more severe disease course.