Fig. S2. CT scan – (a) Coronal image of the cervical region with white and black arrows indicating the hyper and hypo attenuating foci, respectively; (b, c) Axial image illustrating the extensive involvement of the genital and supra pubic areas; (d, e) Axial image of the lungs in both lung (d) and soft tissue (e) windows revealing bilateral nodules of up to 5 cm in diameter with a white arrow pointing hyper attenuating spots within visible only on soft tissue window.