Table SII.	Histomorphological	classification	of	erythroderma
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	Eczema		Psoriasis		Drug		CTCL	Other		= Typical finding in			
Histological score	$0-1 \ge 1$	≥1.5	0-1	≥1.5	0-1	≥1.5	0-1	≥1.5	0-1	≥1.5	Eczema P	so Drug	CTCL
Keratosis (hyperparakeratosis)	3	8	2	10	6	3	5	3	3	3			
Hypogranulosis	5	6	4	8	6	3	3	5	3	3			
Acanthosis	1	10	1	11	5	4	2	6	1	5			
Spongiosis	2	9	7	5	5	4	4	4	1	5			
Hydropic degeneration	11	0	12	0	3	6	4	4	4	2			
"Lining"	11	0	12	0	9	0	2	6	6	0			
Microabscess (lymphocytes)	11	0	12	0	9	0	6	2	6	0			
Neutrophils (epidermis)	6	5	5	7	7	2	7	1	4	2			
Pear-like acanthosis	7	4	2	10	6	3	6	2	5	1			
Expanded rete ridges	6	5	2	10	8	1	5	3	3	3			
Eosinophils (dermis)	6	5	9	3	3	6	2	6	5	1			
Neutrophils (dermis)	11	0	7	5	8	1	7	1	6	0			

Histomorphological classification of eczema, psoriasis, drug reactions and cutaneous T-cell lymphoma by means of histological criteria on the basis of a score ranging from weak (=0) to strong (=3). The number of specimens with complete absence or only weak expression (0–1) is given, in comparison with specimens with definite presence of histological feature (\geq 1.5), respectively. If the feature was present in \geq 2/3 of samples, it was regarded as "typical" (black boxes), if it was found in \leq 1/3 as "untypical" (white boxes). Grey boxes indicate frequencies between 1/3 and 2/3.

CTCL: cutaneous T-cell lymphoma; Drug: drug reaction.