



Fig. S1. Comparison between the number of naevi/site within each age group (4-, 8- and 14-year-old children). Distribution of the number of naevi in each age group according to the anatomical site where they are located is shown. The trunk is the anatomical site where naevi are most common and the one registering a faster increase in the number of naevi with age. SWA: swimwear-covered area.