Supplementary material to article by P.L. Danielsen et al. "Verapamil is Less Effective than Triamcinolone for Prevention of Keloid Scar Recurrence After Excision in a Randomized Controlled Trial"

Table SI. Subject demographics and clinical characteristics of the
excised keloid scars

Sex, <i>n</i> (%)	
Female	6 (43)
Male	8 (57)
Age, years, mean \pm SD	32.1 ± 10.5
Maximum	53
Minimum	18
Fitzpatrick skin type, n	
III	9
IV	3
V	2
Scar duration, years, mean \pm SD	12.0 ± 10.9
Maximum	36
Minimum	1
Aetiology, n	
Surgical wound	3
Acne	5
Immunization	2
Non-burn trauma	3
Burn	1
Scar location, n	
Sternum	6
Shoulder	3
Back	1
Neck	1
Ear	1
Upper arm	1
Forearm	1
Scar area excised, mean \pm SD	$12.6 \pm 14.0 \text{ cm}^2$
Maximum	55 cm ²
Minimum	1.2 cm^2