Supplementary material to article by K. Yamada et al. "Topical Glucose Induces Claudin-1 and Filaggrin Expression in a Mouse Model of Atopic Dermatitis and in Keratinocyte Culture, Exerting Anti-inflammatory Effects by Repairing Skin Barrier Function"



Fig. S1. Topical application of a high concentration of glucose suppresses skin inflammation induced by mite antigen in NC/Nga mice (macroscopic findings). On day 28, a photograph was taken of the mite antigen-treated right ear of each NC/Nga mouse.