



Fig. S1. Clinical appearance and histopathology of Case 1. (a) Dark-red to violaceous plaques on the chest. (b) Skin biopsy specimen showing focal hyperkeratosis, flattening of rete ridges and perivascular infiltrates in the dermis (haematoxylin and eosin (HE), original magnification $\times 50$). (c) Dyskeratotic cells in the epidermis (HE, $\times 20$). (d) Perivascular infiltrates and nuclear debris in the dermis.