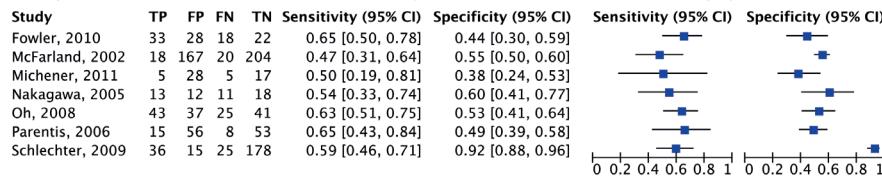
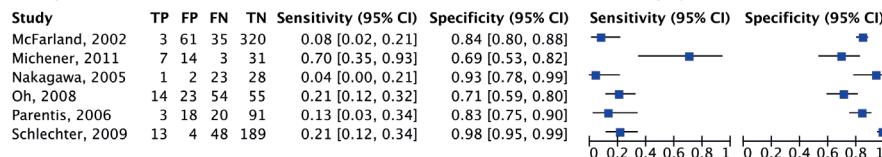


Supplementary material to article by V. Bélanger et al. "Accuracy of examination of the long head of the biceps tendon in the clinical setting: A systematic review"

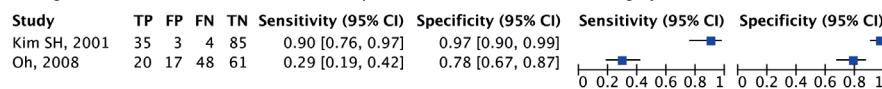
A. Target condition: SLAP II-IV. Index test: active compression test. Reference standard: surgery.



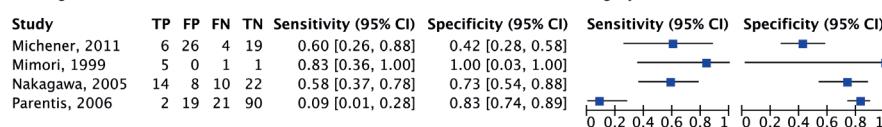
B. Target condition: SLAP II-IV. Index test: anterior slide test. Reference standard: surgery.



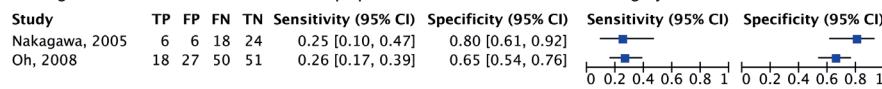
C. Target condition: SLAP II-IV. Index test: biceps load II. Reference standard: surgery.



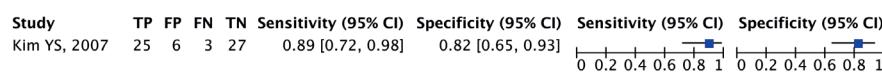
D. Target condition: SLAP II-IV. Index test: crank test. Reference standard: surgery.



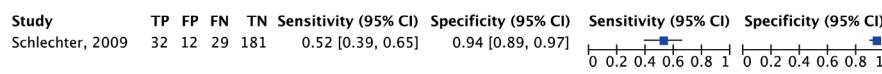
E. Target condition: SLAP II-IV. Index test: palpation test. Reference standard: surgery.



F. Target condition: SLAP II-IV. Index test: passive compression test. Reference standard: surgery.



G. Target condition: SLAP II-IV. Index test: passive distraction test. Reference standard: surgery.



H. Target condition: SLAP II-IV. Index test: Speed test. Reference standard: surgery.

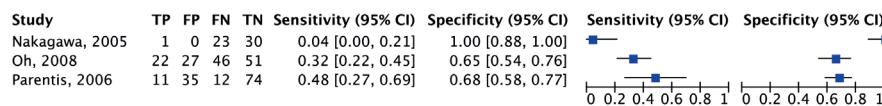


Fig. S3. Accuracies of individual studies for orthopaedic special tests (OSTs) in diagnosing superior labrum anterior and posterior (SLAP) II-IV lesions. (A) Active compression test, (B) anterior slide test, (C) biceps load II, (D) crank test, (E) palpation test, (F) passive compression test, (G) passive distraction test, (H) Speed test. TP: true positive, FP: false positive, FN: false negative, TN: true negative; 95% CI: 95% confidence interval.