Supplementary material to article by A. Rosenvall et al. et al. "Potential cost savings for selected non-pharmacological treatment strategies for patients with Alzheimer's disease in Finland"

Table SII. Risk of bias in the studies considered relevant to provide information regarding the effectiveness of feasible interventions

Author	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	Total
Eloniemi-Sulkava U 2006, Finland (10)	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	UC	UC	Yes	7/12 (RCT)
Andren S, 2008, Sweden (12)	No	No	No	No	No	UC	Yes	Yes	Yes	UC	UC	Yes	4/12 (BCT)
Pitkälä K, 2013, Finland (11)	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	7/12 (RCT)

RCT: randomized controlled trial; BCT: ; Yes: criterion was met; No: criterion was not met; UC: unclear.

- A. Was randomization adequate?
- B. Was treatment allocation concealed?
- Was the patient and caregiver blinded to the intervention?
- D. Was the care provider blinded to the intervention?
- E. Was the outcome assessor blinded to the intervention?
- F. Was the drop-out rate described and acceptable?
- G. Was intention-to-treat analysis carried out?
- H. Were all reports of the study free of suggestion of selective outcome reporting?

  I. Were the groups similar at baseline regarding the most important prognostic indicators?
- J. Were co-interventions avoided in all groups?
- K. Was the compliance acceptable in all groups?
- L. Was the timing of the outcome assessment similar in all groups?