



Fig. S1 (a–f). Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) images of the hair shafts of patients with frontal fibrosing alopecia (FFA) (original magnification $\times 2,500$). Red arrows: (1) lifting of the cuticle edge; (2) disappearance of the cuticle scale with cortex exposure; (3) a groove, (4) a jagged cuticle edge; (5) a longitudinal fissure; (6) holes on the cuticle surface; (7) "melted-candle" appearance of the cuticle with diffuse scaling; (8) a broken fragment of the cuticle scale.